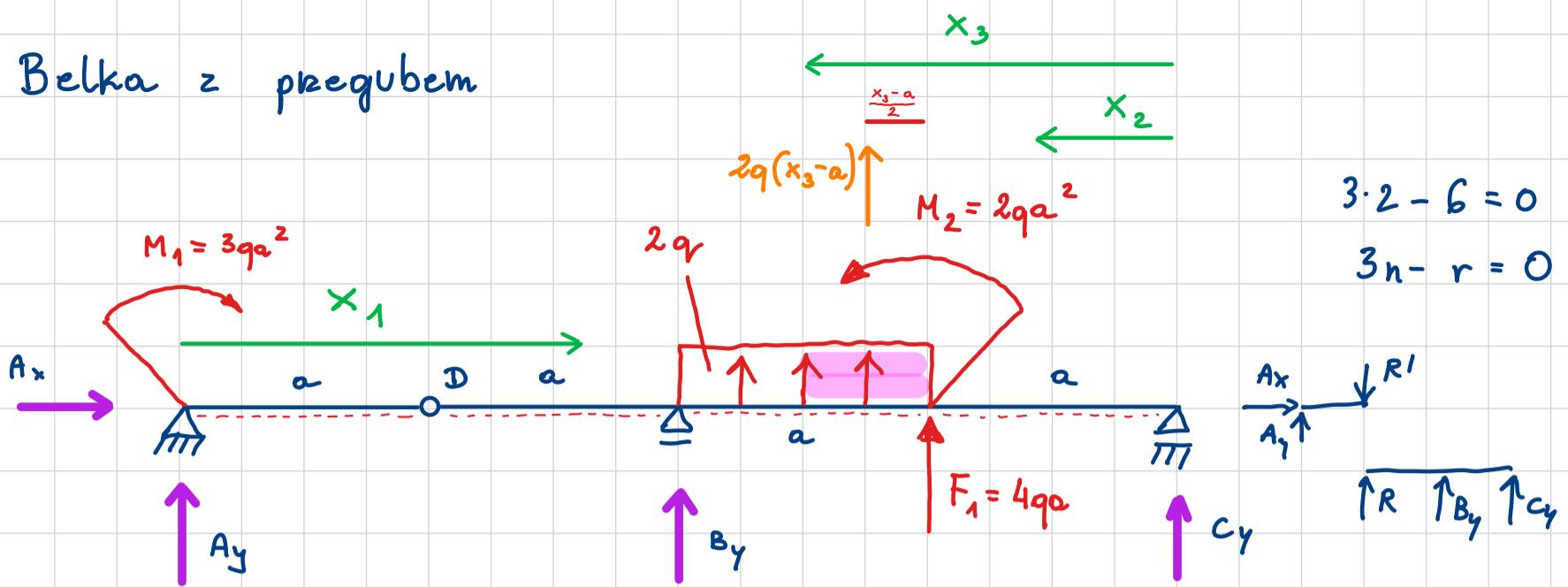


Belka z pregubem



$$1) \quad \sum F_x : \quad A_x = 0$$

$$2) \quad \sum F_y: \quad A_y + B_y + C_y + 2q_a + F_1 = 0$$

$$3) \quad \sum M^*: \quad M_1 - B_y \cdot 2a - F_1 \cdot 3a - C_y \cdot 4a - M_2 - 2q_a \cdot 2,5a = 0$$

$$4) \sum M^{\Delta_L}: A_y a + M_1 = 0$$

$$5) \sum M^D: -B_y \cdot a - 2qa \cdot 1,5a - M_2 - F_1 \cdot 2a = C_y \cdot 3a$$

$$\text{ord. 4}) \quad A_2 a = -M_1 \quad | :a$$

$$A_2 a = -M_1 \quad | :a$$

$$A_y = -3ga$$

$$\text{ad. 5)} \quad B_y \cdot a = -2qa \cdot 1,5a - M_2 - F_1 \cdot 2a - C_y \cdot 3a \quad | :a$$

$$B_y = -3q_a - 2q_a - 8q_a - 3C_y$$

$$B_y = -13qa - 3c_y$$

$$\text{ad. 2)} \quad -3q_a - 13q_a - 3C_y + C_y + 2q_a + F_1 = 0$$

$$-10qa = 2c_y$$

$$C_y = -5qa$$

$$\text{ad. 5)} \quad B_y = -13qa + 15qa$$

$$B_y = 2qa$$

Sprawdzenie:

$$\sum M_P: A_y a + M_1 - B_y a - 2q_a \cdot 1,5a - M_2 - F_1 \cdot 2a - c_y \cdot 3a = 0$$

$$-3qa^2 + 3qa^2 - 2qa^2 - 3qa^2 - 2qa^2 - 8qa^2 + 15qa^2 = 0$$

Predziat I

$$Mg^1: M_1 + A_y x_1$$

$$Mg^1(x_1=0) = M_1 = 3qa^2$$

$$Mg^1(x_1=a) = M_1 + A_y a = 3qa^2 - 3qa^2 = 0 \quad \text{SPRAWDZENIE W PRZEGUBIE}$$

$$Mg^1(x_1=2a) = M_1 + A_y a = 3qa^2 - 6qa^2 = -3qa^2$$

$$T^1: A_y = -3qa$$

Predziat II (od prawej)

$$Mg^{\prime\prime}: C_y x_2$$

$$Mg^{\prime\prime}(x_2=0) = 0$$

$$Mg^{\prime\prime}(x_2=a) = -5qa^2$$

$$T^{\prime\prime}: -C_y = 5qa$$

Predziat III (od prawej)

$$Mg^{\prime\prime\prime}: C_y x_3 + M_2 + F_1(x_3-a) + 2q(x_3-a) \frac{(x_3-a)}{2}$$

$$Mg^{\prime\prime\prime}: C_y x_3 + M_2 + F_1(x_3-a) + q(x_3-a)^2$$

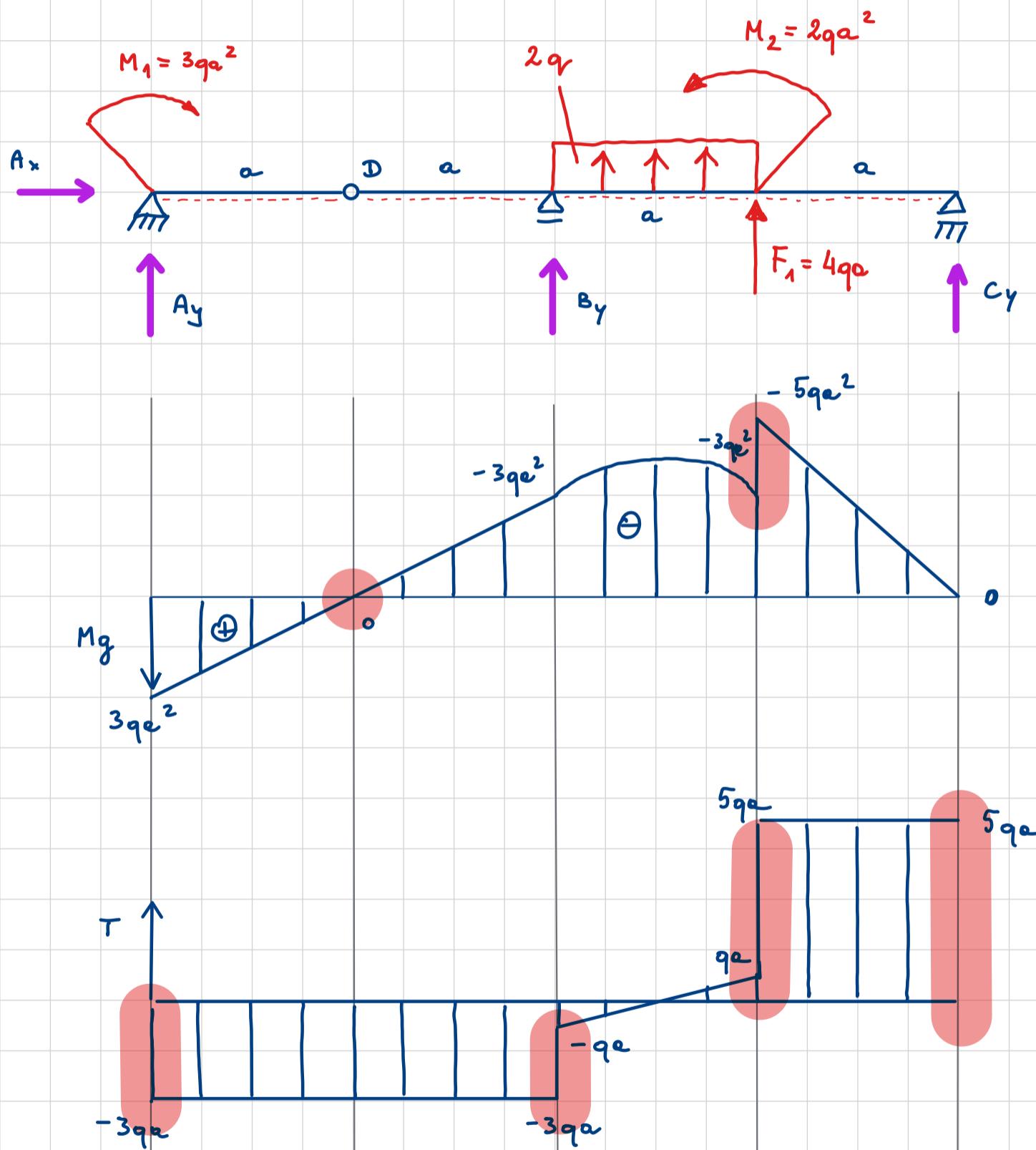
$$Mg^{\prime\prime\prime}(x_3=a) = -5qa^2 + 2qa^2 = -3qa^2$$

$$Mg^{\prime\prime\prime}(x_3=2a) = -10qa^2 + 2qa^2 + 4qa^2 + qa^2 = -3qa^2$$

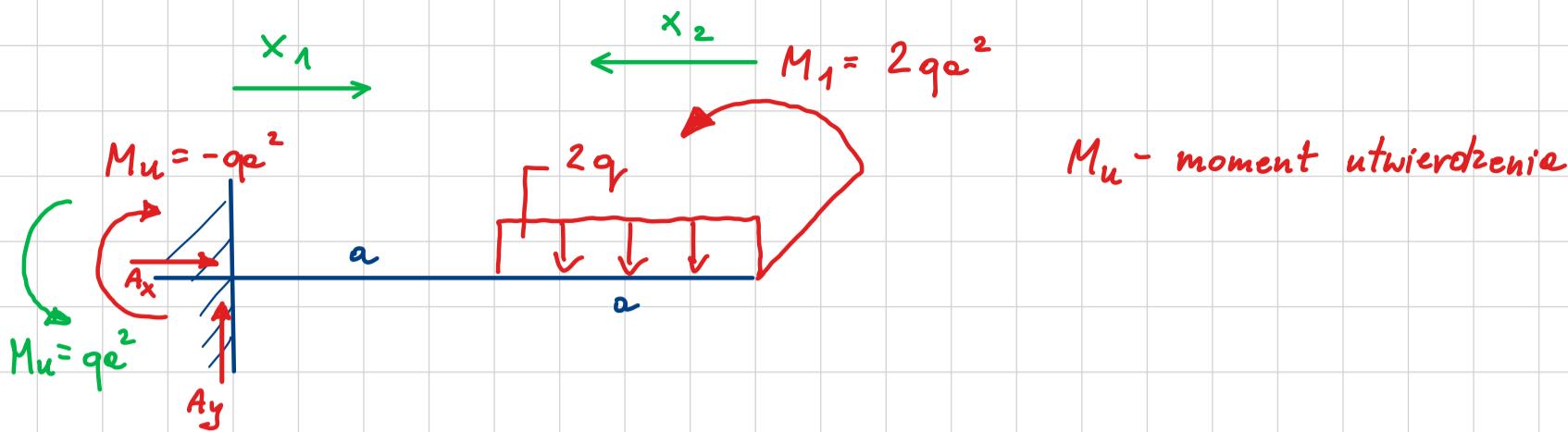
$$T''' : -c_2 - F_1 - 2q(x_3 - a)$$

$$T'''(x_3 = a) = 5qe - 4qe = qa$$

$$T'''(x_3 = 2a) = 5qa - 4qa - 2qa = -qa$$



3elka utwierdzona



$$\sum F_y: A_y - 2qe = 0 \quad A_y = 2qe$$

$$\sum F_x: A_x = 0$$

$$\sum M^A: M_u + 2qa \cdot 1,5a - M_1 = 0$$

$$M_u = M_1 - 3qe^2 = -qa^2$$

\$M_u\$ wyszedł ujemny, co oznacza, że jego zwrot jest przeciwny do założonego

Przymyka \$M_u\$ ze zmienionym zwrotem

$$Mg^I: -M_u + A_y x_1$$

$$Mg^I(x_1=0) = -M_u = -qe^2 \\ Mg^I(x_2=a) = -M_u + 2qe^2 = qe^2$$

$$T^I: A_y = 2qe$$

$$Mg^{II}: M_1 - 2q \frac{x_2^2}{2} = M_1 - qx_2^2$$

$$Mg^{II}(x_2=0) = 2qe^2$$

$$T^{II}: 2qx_2$$

$$Mg^{II}(x_2=a) = 2qe^2 - qe^2 = qe^2$$

$$T^{II}(x_2=0) = 0$$

$$T^{II}(x_2=a) = 2qe$$